Name:	Key!	Pla
	th's crust changed by plate	movomor

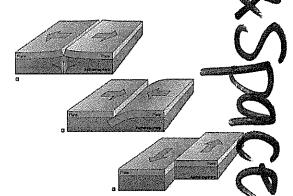
te Tectonic Movements

me:		<u> </u>
). How is Earth's o	rust changed h	v plate movements?

Plate Tectonics: Welcome to the greatest show on Earth. Propelled by intense heat simmering beneath the crust or the mantle, Earth's surface is dramatically reshaping itself in an endless, slow-motion movement called plate tectonics. Tectonic plates or huge slabs of solid rocks separate, collide, and slide past each other causing earthquakes, feeding volcanic eruptions, and raising mountains. Scientists now have a fairly good understanding of how the plates move and how such movements relate to earthquake activity. Most movement occurs along narrow zones between plates, plate boundaries, where the results of plate-tectonic forces are most evident.

Types of plate boundaries:

- Divergent boundaries -- where new crust is generated as the plates 1. pull away or separates from each other. Examples: mid ocean ridge, rift valleys
- 2. **Convergent boundaries** -- where crust come together. One crust is destroyed as it dives under another, known as subduction. Examples: subduction, Marianas trench, mountains, volcanoes
- 3. . Transform boundaries -- where crust is neither produced nor destroyed as the plates slide horizontally past each other. Example: San Andreas fault

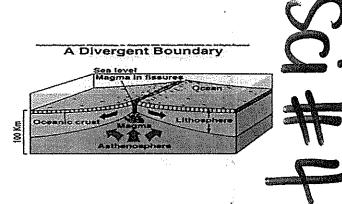


Date:

Period:

Plates Move Apart: Divergent Boundary

Atlantic ocean, along a global system of mountain ridges, Earth's plates are growing and spreading apart. Each year these oceanic spreading ridges erupt more than three times as much molten rock as do all the volcanoes on land. Magma rises from Earth's mantle at spreading ridges and cools on and beneath the ocean floor, adding to the plates on either side. The growing plates inch away from the ridges—widening ocean basins and rafting apart entire continents.

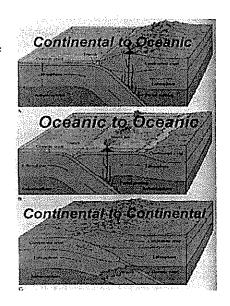


Plates Come Together: Convergent Boundary

Where plates come together, or converge, we see some dramatic manifestations of plate tectonics. At convergent margins, continents grow as plates are consumed.

Three types of Convergent Boundaries

- 1. Convergent boundary between continental and oceanic crust results to subduction, volcanoes, and trenches.
- 2. Convergent boundary between two oceanic crust results to subduction, and the trenches formed are deeper like the Marianas Trench, which can sink Mt. Everest.
- 3. Convergent boundary between two continental crust results to building up the rocks forming mountains like the Appalachian and Himalayas mountain ranges.



Plates Pass By: Transform Boundary

Clarifying Questions:

R. Angat

Why do earthquakes shake California? The state straddles two plates that are moving past each other like trains on opposite tracks. The plate boundary is marked by a zone of active faults—breaks in the rock and ground surface caused by plate movements. The most famous of these is the 1200-km (750-mi) long San

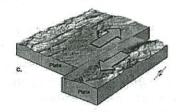
California North American Plate

San Francisco

Lot Angelet

Transform Boundaries

* Place where 2 plates slide past each other



Andreas Fault. The San Andreas fault is a transform fault, a kind common on the sea floor but rarely found on land.

What is plate tectonics? ______

What are three types of plate boundaries? _	divergent, convergent + travis
Matching type: Plate Boundaries	0
C Convergent boundary	🔪 Mid-ocean ridges, rift valleys
A Divergent boundary	b. Fault lines
B Transform boundary	c. Subduction, trench, mountains, volcanoes
Matching type: Plate Boundaries	The second of th
Convergent boundary	a Tectonic plates move apart.
Divergent boundary	Tectonic plates come together.
Transform boundary	Tectonic plates slide horizontally past each other.
Matching type: Plate Boundaries	
A Convergent boundary	🔪. Himalayas and the Appalachian mountain ranges
Divergent boundary	🔖. San Andreas Fault
Transform boundary	Atlantic mid ocean ridge, African rift valley
Matching type: Convergent boundaries	
Continental to oceanic	a. Subduction, volcanoes, and trenches
Oceanic to oceanic	Constitution, deeper trenches, volcanoes
Continental to continental	Mountain ranges like the Appalachian and Himalayas
Why do earthquakes shake California?	
What is the San Andreas Fault?	
q _p .	different types of plate boundaries Use arrows to indicate direction

Name:_

Student Worksheet

Plate Tectonics

Directions: Using what you learned about plate boundaries, circle the correct answers.



1. What type of plate boundary is created when two of Earth's plates move away from each other?

transform a)

b) convergent divergent

What type of plate boundary is created when two of Earth's plates move toward each other?



transform

b) convergent

c) divergent



What type of plate boundary is created when two of Earth's plates slide past each other?

transform

b) convergent divergent



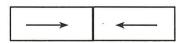
What type of plate boundary does the illustration below represent?

transform a)

convergent

divergent



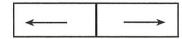


What type of plate boundary does the illustration below represent?

transform a)

convergent





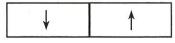
What type of plate boundary does the illustration below represent?

transform

convergent

divergent c)





What is the name of the theory describing the movement of Earth's plates?

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